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## Review

**Gauri Jog presents East Meets West** 

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On October 25, Gauri Jog, renowned dancer, teacher and choreographer presented her newest creation East Meets West at Prairie Center for the Arts at Schaumburg. This dance drama depicted the story of an Indian lady Noopur whose passion is in rhythm and dance. Her career brings her to US. She loves her new job, but misses India immensely. Dancing helps her to adjust to her new home in the United States. She is introduced to Western culture and dance and learns to enjoy the fusion of western styles of dance with her own Kathak dance style. She then realizes that dance is universal and just like love and laughter has no boundaries.

The program featured more than 60 dancers and was presented using six major dance forms around the world including Kathak, Mexican, Flamenco, Belly dance, Lavni and Folk dance.

There are people who simply have a lot of energy, and the India-born choreographer Gauri Jog is clearly one of them. Since setting up her dance school in Chicago area in 2000, she and her students are performing all over USA with their high energy content driven materials. Recently Gauri Jog also performed at Cities of America pageant in Florida and won 'Modeling and More' championship. In the past we have seen her finest performances, Jhansi Ki Rani (2005) and Fire - Fiery Tale (2007). Based on what we have seen, she truly represents what happens when creativity, handwork and education comes together. As one member of the audience described, "her show is guaranteed not only to lift your spirits, but to stir up the rhythmic pulses deep within your soul."

Kathak, a North Indian classical dance form, emphasizes powerful, stamping footwork matched to the complex rhythmic cycles of classical Indian music. But it also demands the nuanced skills of abhinaya, the multitude of facial expressions and finely honed gestures that allow the practitioner to incarnate multiple personalities or creatures in time-honored tales from the great Indian epics like the Mahabharata. Gauri perfected her Kathak dance and teaching techniques at Nagpur, India, where she trained intensively to dance and teach with guru Madan Pande. Her fluid and well-rounded approach to this art form gives her the ability to express herself with creative, original, versatile, and graceful movements.



The program began with Shiva's dance performed by Gauri Jog and her senior students. The dance represented both the destruction and the creation of the universe and revealed the cycles of death, birth and rebirth. The dancers evoked the mood of adoration and devotion. This dance was followed by 'Ganapati Dance.' Bright, warm, colorful, musical, and full of vitality... these are just some of the words one would use to describe it. This is an appeal to the Lord Ganesha, who protects from all obstacles and hardships, to bestow his blessings. The dancers wore a silver and pink fitted dress with a skirt that swirled and sparkled with silver when they turned.

Gauri Jog, in her solo, performed pure Kathak on taal Dhamar, a cycle of 14 beat taal, giving glimpses of the many intricate aspects and beauty of Kathak - the chaal, the gats, the tihais, the footwork, tatkar. Her subtle expressions and vigorous footwork proved her ability as a versatile Kathak dancer. She started with Amad - entry of a dancer on the stage, Todas - composition of time beats in a rhythmic cycle, Paran - kind of Toda with bols. She portrayed the three important phases of a woman's life. First she displayed Vasaksajja - the state of woman where she adorns herself before meeting her love, Abhisarika - the time in woman's life when she proceeds to meet her love and finally Vatsalya Bhava - motherly love of woman.

In the Kathak-Jazz dance we clearly witnessed multiculturalism. The dancers enthralled the audience with complex foot movements, smooth spins and soulful expressions combining beautiful Jazz music with Kathak. The little dancers, who danced to the popular Hindi song "Lakdi Ki Kathi," repeatedly received applause for their performance. Another group of children also performed Kathak based on the 1950 song "Murli Manohar." Dressed in green and colorful costumes, bejeweled with silver ornaments, the dancers with their flawless movements and joyous abundance captivated the audience.

We discovered why each year the popularity of dance programs arranged by Gauri goes up. The simple answer is variety. This program also featured Belly Dancing by Jasmin Jahal Dance Company of Chicago, Lavni (a folk dance from India) by students of Gauri Jog, a Mexican dance by Mexican Dance Ensemble and fusion of Kathak and Flamenco between Gauri Jog and Michelle Nascimento. Both Michelle and Gauri danced with often electrifying speed and aplomb. The creation was a fascinating combination of classicism merging with contemporary, both styles blending perfectly with each other. Separately, they are superb performers, but brought together, they were astonishing. Completely at ease in the other's company, and full of charm, whether tender, teasing or squabbling, when they finally came together, they were sublime. It was not only a beautiful visual experience, but an inspired combination of poetry, humor, philosophy, and truth. The increasing co-operation between Indian Dance School and other dance schools across nations gives more opportunities for students and audience to have exposure to other cultures and traditions.





Another prominent dance from the program to remember was Kathak Yoga. This dance depicted the importance of yoga in Kathak dance and displayed fascinating blend of rhythm and movement. Just as I was admiring its kaleidoscopic changes of pattern, I singled out two dancers moving with especial sweetness and sensuousness in different parts of the stage, only then to recognize them: Alisha Benawra and Isha Jog, among the company's most remarkable principal dancers. Alisha and Isha started the dance with an invitation, the hands extending elegantly out, like a maiden offering a platter. Then their hands turn in and rise up to the sun, spinning around each other like butterflies as they twist and turn in a whirlwind.

While its traditions are steeped in indigenous culture of teaching Kathak dance, the influence of modern dance on some of the dances by this school cannot be denied. There was this dance on "Silsila Hai," a popular Bollywood song with very innovative use of expression and dazzling cost

Perhaps the most spectacular part of the program came at the end when the group performed 'Deep Nritya' (dance of lights) with lights in their hands and dancing at times on Thalis (on the rim of a brass plate). This dance was performed on the occasion of Diwali (festival of lights). At the end, the entire sequence took on an intimate, dreamlike quality as Gauri bent gently on the floor to pick up a handkerchief lying on the floor with 'Samai' (a traditional Indian metallic lamp) on her head and other lamps in her hands. It was a moment of true beauty. Back in India, Samai dance is performed by very skilled dancers since it involves lot of balancing skills and concentration.